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Docket No. 17565 (AP)

## **CLAIMS**

- 1. (Currently amended) An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14, 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 16.
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- 2. (Currently amended) An isolated polypeptide, comprising
  - a) an amino acid-sequence having at least 50% amino acid identity with SEQ ID-NO: 10, and
  - b) an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14, 16, 18, 20, 22-and 24 SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 16; or a conservative variant thereof.
- 3. (Currently amended) An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6 and 8 SEQ ID NOS: 2 and 8.
- 15 4. (Canceled)
  - 5. (Currently amended) A COX-1 variant binding agent, which binds an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14, 16 and 18 SEQ ID NOS: 14 an 16; or an epitope thereof.

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- 6. (Original) The binding agent of claim 5, wherein said binding agent is an antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 7. (Original) A cell, comprising the exogenously expressed polypeptide of claim 1, 2, or 3.

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- 8. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that modulates a COX-1 variant, comprising:
- a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell, and
- b) determining the level of an indicator, which correlates with modulation of a COX-1 variant,

wherein an alteration in the level of said indicator as compared to a control level indicates that said compound is a compound that modulates a COX-1 variant.

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- 9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said alteration is an increase in the level of said indicator.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said alteration is a decrease in the level of said indicator.
  - 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 variant polypeptide.

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14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.

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- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said indicator is prostaglandin E2 (PGE2).
  - 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said compound is a small molecule.
  - 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.
    - 19. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that specifically binds to a COX-1 variant, comprising:
    - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell, and
      - b) determining specific binding of said compound to said COX-1 variant.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
  - 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.

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- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said COX-1 variant is 5 exogenously expressed.
  - 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said contacting occurs in vitro.
- 10 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said compound is a small molecule.
  - 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.

28. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that differentially modulates a COX-1 variant, comprising:

- a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell;
- b) determining the level of an indicator which correlates with modulation of said COX-1 variant;
  - c) contacting a second COX enzyme with said compound;
- d) determining the level of a corresponding indicator which correlates with modulation of said second COX enzyme; and
- e) comparing the level of the indicator from step (b) with the level of the corresponding indicator from step (d), wherein a different level of the indicator from step (b) compared to the level of the corresponding indicator from step (d) indicates that said compound is a compound that differentially modulates said COX-1 variant.

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- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme is a different COX-1 variant.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 10, or a functional fragment thereof.
  - 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 26, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 10 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the level of said indicator from step (b) is greater than the level of said corresponding indicator from step (d).
  - 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the level of said indicator from step (b) is less than the level of said corresponding indicator from step (d).
  - 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step 20 (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.
  - 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
  - 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.

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- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said indicator in step (b) is prostaglandin E2 (PGE2).
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said compound is a small molecule. 5
  - 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.
- 10 42. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that differentially binds to a COX-1 variant, comprising:
  - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell;
    - b) determining specific binding of said compound to said COX-1 variant;
    - c) contacting a second COX enzyme with said compound;
  - d) determining specific binding of said compound to said second COX enzyme; and
  - e) comparing the level of specific binding from step (b) with the level of specific binding from step (d), wherein a different level of specific binding from step (b) compared to the level of specific binding from step (d) indicates that said compound is a compound that differentially binds to a COX-1 variant.
  - 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme is a different COX-1 variant.
    - (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 10, or a functional fragment thereof.

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- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 26, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said different level of specific binding is an increased level of binding.
  - 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said different level of specific binding is a decreased level of binding.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
  - 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.
  - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
    - 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 51, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
  - 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said contacting occurs in vitro.
    - 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said compound is a small molecule.

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- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.
- (Withdrawn) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide comprising
  - a) an amino acid sequence having at least 50% amino acid identity with SEQ ID NO: 10, and
  - b) an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 20, 22 and 24; or a conservative variant thereof.
  - 57. (Withdrawn) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6 and 8.
- 15 58. (Withdrawn) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, consisting of a nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5 and 7.
  - 59. (Withdrawn) A vector, comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule as in claims 56, 57 or 58.
    - 60. (Withdrawn) A host cell, comprising the vector of claim 59.